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ERRATUM

Valuation of default-sensitive claims under imperfect information (Publisher's Erratum)

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Due to errors in the typesetting process, some parts of this article were rendered incorrectly in Finance and Stochastics 12(2): 195–218 (2008). The incorrect parts and their correct versions are given here.

(1) On page 199, the formula

$$
\begin{aligned}
dY_t &= \mu(Y_t, t)\,dt + \sigma(Y_t, t)\,dB_t + s(Y_t, t)\,dB'_t \qquad (2.1)\\
&= \mu(Y_t, t)\,dt + \sigma_1(Y_t, t)\,dB_t, \qquad (2.2)
\end{aligned}
$$

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should read

$$dY_t = \mu(Y_t, t)\,dt + \sigma(Y_t, t)\,dB_t + s(Y_t, t)\,dB'_t \tag{2.1}$$

$$= \mu(Y_t, t)\,dt + \sigma_1(Y_t, t)\,d\beta_t, \tag{2.2}$$

(2) On page 200, after Proposition 3.1, the passage

Proof If M is an $(\mathcal{F}_t)$-local martingale, there exist an $(\mathcal{F}_t)$-predictable process and a constant m such that $M_t = m + \int_0^t h_u dB_u$. Since the process β is a $(\mathcal{G}_t)$-Brownian motion, M is a $(\mathcal{G}_t)$-local martingale. □

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Proof If M is an $(\mathcal{F}_t)$-local martingale, there exist an $(\mathcal{F}_t)$-predictable process and a constant m such that $M_t = m + \int_0^t h_u d\beta_u$. Since the process β is a $(\mathcal{G}_t)$-Brownian motion, M is a $(\mathcal{G}_t)$-local martingale. □

(3) On page 200, the formula

$$M_t = \int_0^t \frac{\sigma_1(Y_u, u)}{\sigma(Y_u, u) + \eta(Y_u, u)} dB_u, \tag{3.4}$$

$$N_t = \int_0^t \frac{\sigma_1(Y_u, u)}{\sigma(Y_u, u) + \eta(Y_u, u)} dD_u. \tag{3.5}$$

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$$M_t = \int_0^t \frac{\sigma_1(Y_u, u)}{\sigma(Y_u, u) + \eta(Y_u, u)} d\beta_u, \tag{3.4}$$

$$N_t = \int_0^t \frac{\sigma_1(Y_u, u)}{\sigma(Y_u, u) + \eta(Y_u, u)} dD_u. \tag{3.5}$$

(4) On page 210, the passage

We choose a constant default barrier $b \in (0, x_0)$ and suppose for the observation process the form

$$dY_t = rY_t dt + \sigma_1 Y_t dB_t, \quad Y_0 = x_0,$$

where $\sigma_1 = \sqrt{\sigma^2 + s^2}$ and $\beta_t = \frac{\sigma B_t + s B'_t}{\sigma_1}$.

should read

We choose a constant default barrier $b \in (0, x_0)$ and suppose for the observation process the form

$$dY_t = rY_t dt + \sigma_1 Y_t d\beta_t, \quad Y_0 = x_0,$$

where $\sigma_1 = \sqrt{\sigma^2 + s^2}$ and $\beta_t = \frac{\sigma B_t + s B'_t}{\sigma_1}$.

(5) On page 214, the passage

We choose to define the observation process as

$$dY_t = \lambda(\theta - Y_t)dt + \sigma_1 dB_t, \quad Y_0 = x_0,$$

with $\sigma_1 = \sqrt{\sigma^2 + s^2}$ and $\beta_t = (\sigma B_t + sB'_t)/\sigma_1$. The processes defined in Remark 3.6 take here the particular forms

$$M'_t = \frac{\sigma\sigma_1}{\sigma + \eta}\int_0^t e^{\lambda u} dB_u,$$

$$N'_t = \frac{\sigma\eta}{\sigma + \eta}\int_0^t e^{\lambda u} dB_u + \frac{\sigma s}{\sigma + \eta}\int_0^t e^{\lambda u} dB'_u$$

with $\eta = s^2/\sigma$.

should read

We choose to define the observation process as

$$dY_t = \lambda(\theta - Y_t)dt + \sigma_1 d\beta_t, \quad Y_0 = x_0,$$

with $\sigma_1 = \sqrt{\sigma^2 + s^2}$ and $\beta_t = (\sigma B_t + sB'_t)/\sigma_1$. The processes defined in Remark 3.6 take here the particular forms

$$M'_t = \frac{\sigma\sigma_1}{\sigma + \eta}\int_0^t e^{\lambda u} d\beta_u,$$

$$N'_t = \frac{\sigma\eta}{\sigma + \eta}\int_0^t e^{\lambda u} dB_u + \frac{\sigma s}{\sigma + \eta}\int_0^t e^{\lambda u} dB'_u$$

with $\eta = s^2/\sigma$.

(6) On page 216, the formula

$$dY_t = \mu dt + \sigma_1 dB_t,$$

should read

$$dY_t = \mu dt + \sigma_1 d\beta_t,$$